Significant value waiting to be unlocked in Japan

The COVID-19 pandemic has triggered changes in Japan that would have taken many years to initiate in less turbulent times. We believe there is significant value to be unlocked under such circumstances.

By Junichi Takayama, Investment Director, Japan equity

COVID-19 as a catalyst

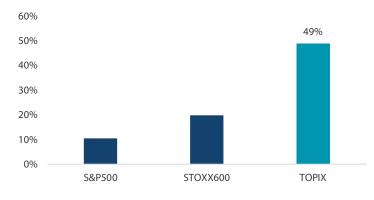
The COVID-19 pandemic has forced Japan to adapt new norms overnight. Prior to the pandemic, many segments of the country had been caught in inertia under risk-averse bureaucrats and corporate managers sticking to their lowest risk options at the expense of potential gains. However, risks from inertia now outweigh risks from implementing change as the adoption of the "new normal" dramatically changes the corporate operating environment.

A large portion of Japanese companies are undervalued relative to their developed market peers and Japan offers significant value to be unlocked, in our view, as meaningful changes are introduced under the new normal.

Undervalued Japanese stocks

Currently, 49% of the 2000+ companies represented by the TOPIX index trade below book value, compared to 11% in the S&P 500 and 20% in STOXX Europe 600 index (Chart 1).

Chart 1: Percentage of companies trading below book by market



Source: Bloomberg, as at 30 September 2020



20 November 2020





Why are Japanese stocks undervalued?

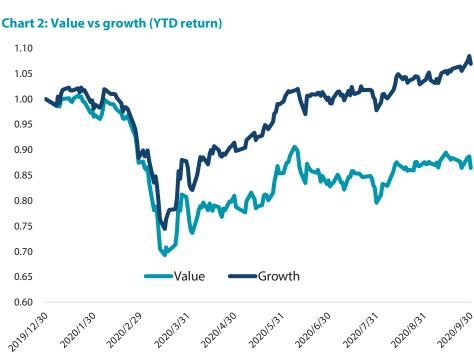
First, the market still has some distance before recovering to pre-pandemic levels, lagging its global peers. For example, the US has a strong tech sector that led its rally, which Japan lacks. Even discounting the fact that Japan's tech exposure is relatively low, the Japanese market has lagged the recovery phase seen in many parts of the world since March.

The second reason is the acceleration in market polarization. Looking at the sector returns to date, only communications services and healthcare, in addition to information technology, have recovered to the levels seen at the beginning of the year (as of end-September). Demand for telecom services has increased due to the stay-at-home trend, and gaming companies such as Nintendo have also benefitted from this trend, pulling up the sector. Healthcare, which includes medical equipment and pharmaceuticals, has also risen thanks to the sector's defensive nature.

On the other hand, recovery by consumer discretionary and industrials, which account for a large amount of the market, has been weak, driven down by automotives, capital goods and transportation.

Growth and Value stocks diverge

The style lens provides another view of this divergence. Chart 2 shows the accelerated divergence in returns between growth and value stocks.

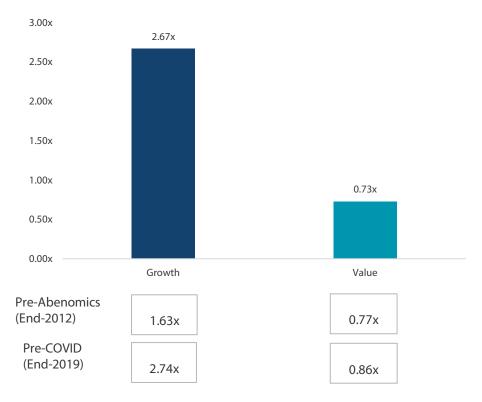


Source: Bloomberg, as at 30 September 2020

Growth stocks have erased much of the losses from the lows reached in March. Their price to book ratio is now 2.67x, so they do look a little stretched (Chart 3). On the other hand, the undervalued segment represents considerable opportunity to be unlocked. This value group's price to book ratio is 0.73x, representing a 27% discount to its liquidation value; this ratio is below the pre-pandemic level and even lower than the pre-Abenomics level seen in late 2012. The segment thus respresents significant value to be captured.



Chart 3: Price to book by style



Source: Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nomura Securities, as at 30 September 2020

Opportunities from divergence

The current valution is attractive for investors with a long time horizon, in our view. In fact we are starting to see some long-term investors coming back into the market, taking notice of the attractive valuation in Japan, focusing on segments previously overlooked.

Examples of such interest include the following:

- Carlyle Group raising JPY258 billion for a fourth Japanese buyout fund
- Warren Buffett's Berkishire Hathaway taking 5% stakes in five major Japanese trading companies
- KKR considering investing JPY700 billion annually in the Japanese market

Key themes within Japan's shifting landscape

Within this shifting landscape, we believe that there are three themes of particular significance: technology, corporate restructuring and strong balance sheets.

Technology

Technology use, which has accelerated during the pandemic, is particularly important for Japan as it has lagged the world in this area. According to Swiss business school IMD, Japan ranks 27th on global digital competitiveness. This means companies have ample room to catch up.

While Japanese capex spending is seen falling, IT spending is expected to increase by 16% from last year. Retailers are also setting up e-commerce platforms. In a country where cash is still used extensively, credit card usage has soared during the pandemic, and



retailers are trying to capture such demand. The users of technology such as e-commerce, have room to benefit further thanks to accelerated investments into technology.

Fast Retailing, the owner of the Uniqlo clothing brand, is investing heavily in e-platforms, with a target to bring up e-commerce ratio to 30% over the medium term. Seven-Eleven Japan started a pilot program in which its stores take orders via smartphones to deliver goods within one hour. Many of these investments will continue to provide support after the pandemic.

Corporate restructuring

Even if the economy does begin functioning "normally", Japanese companies will still need to re-evaluate their businesses, resorting to drastic measures such as layoffs and divestitures.

Japanese corporations are often associated with hierarchical management. But the pandemic is prompting many to make bold moves out of necessity. Divestitures in the first half of 2020 surged 64% YoY to a 10-year high of 139 cases, and transactions are likely to keep increasing.

Economies of scale to deal with fallen revenues will be of utmost importance amid industry shakeups. The recent takeover of restaurant chain operator Ootoya Holdings by peer Colowide was driven in part to gain the scale they need. We expect such corporate actions to serve as a catalyst for many value stock companies.

This comes amid shareholders also increasing pressure on corporations to make proactive changes following the corporate governance reform initiated by the Japanese government. The reforms are here to stay under the leadership of new Prime Minister Yoshihide Suga.

Strong balance sheets

Japanese companies enjoy strong balance sheets and are in possession of more cash compared to their global peers. For example, while many of their US counterparts are highly leveraged, a majority of Japanese companies are effectively debt-free. Japanese companies have ample downside protection, as many do not have to raise equities.

It also means that many of these companies do not have to raise equities; furthermore, less Japanese companies are cutting dividends relative to their peers in other markets. Dividend payouts in Japan are expected to drop by a higher single digit percentage points during the current fiscal year, much smaller than the 20% decline forecast for the global market.

Even if Japan is caught up in a fresh wave of COVID-19, its cash-rich companies will be more resilient and their dividend payments less affected. When the pandemic eventually runs its course, they have the potential to unlock this significant cash value.

Summary

With the COVID-19 triggering changes, Japan offers significant value to be unlocked, with a divergence between Growth and Value stocks creating opportunities for investors with a long time horizon.

Due to the pandemic, changes that would have taken a decade to implement now could be accomplished in a much shorter period of time. Japanese companies have been forced to fully embrace technology and take a serious look at their business portfolios. Corporate restructuring is seen gaining momentum, in tandem with corporate governance reform. Even if Japan is caught up in a fresh wave of COVID-19, strong balance sheets offer Japanese companies resiliency during downturns.



Important information: This document is prepared by Nikko Asset Management Co., Ltd. and/or its affiliates (**Nikko AM**) and is for distribution only under such circumstances as may be permitted by applicable laws. This document does not constitute personal investment advice or a personal recommendation and it does not consider in any way the objectives, financial situation or needs of any recipients. All recipients are recommended to consult with their independent tax, financial and legal advisers prior to any investment.

This document is for information purposes only and is not intended to be an offer, or a solicitation of an offer, to buy or sell any investments or participate in any trading strategy. Moreover, the information in this document will not affect Nikko AM's investment strategy in any way. The information and opinions in this document have been derived from or reached from sources believed in good faith to be reliable but have not been independently verified. Nikko AM makes no guarantee, representation or warranty, express or implied, and accepts no responsibility or liability for the accuracy or completeness of this document. No reliance should be placed on any assumptions, forecasts, projections, estimates or prospects contained within this document. This document should not be regarded by recipients as a substitute for the exercise of their own judgment. Opinions stated in this document may change without notice.

In any investment, past performance is neither an indication nor guarantee of future performance and a loss of capital may occur. Estimates of future performance are based on assumptions that may not be realised. Investors should be able to withstand the loss of any principal investment. The mention of individual securities, sectors, regions or countries within this document does not imply a recommendation to buy or sell.

Nikko AM accepts no liability whatsoever for any loss or damage of any kind arising out of the use of all or any part of this document, provided that nothing herein excludes or restricts any liability of Nikko AM under applicable regulatory rules or requirements.

All information contained in this document is solely for the attention and use of the intended recipients. Any use beyond that intended by Nikko AM is strictly prohibited.

Japan: The information contained in this document pertaining specifically to the investment products is not directed at persons in Japan nor is it intended for distribution to persons in Japan. Registration Number: Director of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau (Financial Instruments firms) No. 368 Member Associations: The Investment Trusts Association, Japan/Japan Investment Advisers Association.

United Kingdom and rest of Europe: This document is communicated by Nikko Asset Management Europe Ltd, which is authorised and regulated in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority (the FCA) (FRN 122084). This document constitutes a financial promotion for the purposes of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (as amended) (FSMA) and the rules of the FCA in the United Kingdom, and is directed at professional clients as defined in the FCA Handbook of Rules and Guidance.

United States: This document may not be duplicated, quoted, discussed or otherwise shared without prior consent. Any offering or distribution of a Fund in the United States may only be conducted via a licensed and registered broker-dealer or a duly qualified entity. Nikko Asset Management Americas, Inc. is a United States Registered Investment Adviser.

Singapore: This document is for information to institutional investors as defined in the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289), and intermediaries only. Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited (Co. Reg. No. 198202562H) is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. **Hong Kong:** This document is for information to professional investors as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance, and intermediaries only. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission or any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. Nikko Asset Management Hong Kong Limited is a licensed corporation in Hong Kong.

Australia: This document is issued in Australia by Nikko AM Limited (ABN 99 003 376 252, AFSL 237563). It is for the use of wholesale clients, researchers, licensed financial advisers and their authorised representatives only.

New Zealand: This document is issued in New Zealand by Nikko Asset Management New Zealand Limited (Company No. 606057, FSP22562). It is for the use of wholesale clients, researchers, licensed financial advisers and their authorised representatives only.

Kingdom of Bahrain: The document has not been approved by the Central Bank of Bahrain which takes no responsibility for its contents. No offer to the public to purchase the Strategy will be made in the Kingdom of Bahrain and this document is intended to be read by the addressee only and must not be passed to, issued to, or shown to the public generally.

Kuwait: This document is not for general circulation to the public in Kuwait. The Strategy has not been licensed for offering in Kuwait by the Kuwaiti Capital Markets Authority or any other relevant Kuwaiti government agency. The offering of the Strategy in Kuwait on the basis a private placement or public offering is, therefore, restricted in accordance with Decree Law No. 7 of 2010 and the bylaws thereto (as amended). No private or public offering of the Strategy is being made in Kuwait, and no agreement relating to the sale of the Strategy will be concluded in Kuwait. No marketing or solicitation or inducement activities are being used to offer or market the Strategy in Kuwait.

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia: This document is communicated by Nikko Asset Management Europe Ltd (Nikko AME), which is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (as amended) (FSMA) and the rules of the Financial Conduct Authority (the FCA) in the United Kingdom (the FCA Rules). This document should not be reproduced, redistributed, or sent directly or indirectly to any other party or published in full or in part for any purpose whatsoever without a prior written permission from Nikko AME.

This document does not constitute investment advice or a personal recommendation and does not consider in any way the suitability or appropriateness of the subject matter for the individual circumstances of any recipient. In providing a person with this document, Nikko AME is not treating that person as a client for the purposes of the FCA Rules other than those relating to financial promotion and that person will not therefore benefit from any protections that would be available to such clients.

Nikko AME and its associates and/or its or their officers, directors or employees may have or have had positions or material interests, may at any time make purchases and/or sales as principal or agent, may provide or have provided corporate finance services to issuers or may provide or have provided significant advice or investment services in any investments referred to in this document or in related investments. Relevant confidential information, if any, known within any company in the Nikko AM group or Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Holdings group and not available to Nikko AME because of regulations or internal procedure is not reflected in this document. The investments mentioned in this document may not be eligible for sale in some states or countries, and they may not be suitable for all types of investors.

Oman: The information contained in this document nether constitutes a public offer of securities in the Sultanate of Oman as contemplated by the Commercial companies law of Oman (Royal decree 4/74) or the Capital Markets Law of Oman (Royal Decree80/98, nor does it constitute an offer to sell, or the solicitation of any offer to buy non-Omani securities in the Sultanate of Oman as contemplated by Article 139 of the Executive Regulations to the Capital Market law (issued by Decision No. 1/2009). This document is not intended to lead to the conclusion of any contract of whatsoever nature within the territory of the Sultanate of Oman.

Qatar (excluding QFC): The Strategies are only being offered to a limited number of investors who are willing and able to conduct an independent investigation of the risks involved in an investment in such Strategies. The document does not constitute an offer to the public and should not be reproduced, redistributed, or sent directly or indirectly to any other party or published in full or in part for any purpose whatsoever without a prior written permission from Nikko Asset Management Europe Ltd (Nikko AME). No transaction will be concluded in your jurisdiction and any inquiries regarding the Strategies should be made to Nikko AME.



United Arab Emirates (excluding DIFC): This document and the information contained herein, do not constitute, and is not intended to constitute, a public offer of securities in the United Arab Emirates and accordingly should not be construed as such. The Strategy is only being offered to a limited number of investors in the UAE who are (a) willing and able to conduct an independent investigation of the risks involved in an investment in such Strategy, and (b) upon their specific request.

The Strategy has not been approved by or licensed or registered with the UAE Central Bank, the Securities and Commodities Authority or any other relevant licensing authorities or governmental agencies in the UAE. This document is for the use of the named addressee only and should not be given or shown to any other person (other than employees, agents or consultants in connection with the addressee's consideration thereof).

No transaction will be concluded in the UAE and any inquiries regarding the Strategy should be made to Nikko Asset Management Europe Ltd. **Republic of Korea:** This document is being provided for general information purposes only, and shall not, and under no circumstances is, to be construed as, an offering of financial investment products or services. Nikko AM is not making any representation with respect to the eligibility of any person to acquire any financial investment product or service. The offering and sale of any financial investment product is subject to the applicable regulations of the Republic of Korea. Any interests in a fund or collective investment scheme shall be sold after such fund is registered under the private placement registration regime in accordance with the applicable regulations of the Republic of Korea, and the offering of such registered fund shall be conducted only through a locally licensed distributor.